

# **VH-LAT CHECKOUT QUIZ**

ur Instructor please complete, discuss the answers is document and send to <a href="mailto:committee@uniflying.org.au">committee@uniflying.org.au</a>			
take-off weight and maximum landing weight for LAT			
2. The maximum baggage compartment weight for LAT is kgs			
. Weight and balance information and form can be found in Section of the Club Handling			
4. LAT's acceptable CG range will lie between mm to mm aft of datum			
6. Using the calibrated dipstick provided, the minimum and maximum measurable total fuel			
Litres respectively			
Notes is			
8. LAT has two independent fuel tanks which are selectable with a fuel selector valve located			

Engine:					
10.	The aircraft's engine oil capacity is quarts				
11.	Minimum oil to start a flight is quarts (this is a club specified minimum)				
12.	12. The maximum RPM is RPM				
13.	13. The maximum RPM is a propeller / engine limitation (circle the correct answer)				
14.	14. The engine is air / liquid cooled (circle the correct answer)				
15.	15. The engine is fuel injected / carburetted (circle the correct answer)				
V-Speed	ls:				
16.	LAT's Never Exceed Speed (V <sub>ne</sub> ) is KIAS				
17.	17. The maximum manoeuvring (V <sub>a</sub> ) speed is KIAS				
18.	Maximum flap extended V <sub>FE</sub> speeds are KIAS for degrees flap setting				
	andKIAS for the degrees (full) flap setting				
19.	Best rate of climb (V <sub>Y</sub> ) speed is KIAS				
20.	Best angle of climb (V <sub>x</sub> ) speed is KIAS				
21.	21. Stalling speed in the clean configuration (V <sub>S1</sub> ) at maximum gross weight is KIAS				
22.	Stalling speed in landing configuration (full flaps, V <sub>50</sub> ) at maximum gross weight is KIAS				
23.	Best glide speed in the clean configuration (V <sub>GS1</sub> ) is KIAS				
24.	Best glide speed in landing configuration (V <sub>GSO</sub> ) is KIAS				

Systems	:		
25.	. Where is the PLB located in LAT?		
26.	LAT has mechanical / electrically operated flaps (circle the correct answer)		
27.	LAT's main battery has a nominal voltage of Volts		
28.	. LAT's engine driven alternator provides a nominal voltage ofVolts		
29.	LAT has two fuel pumps. Main fuel pump is driven.		
	Second fuel pump is powered		
30.	D. LAT has a steerable / castering nosewheel (circle the correct answer)		
31.	1. Where are the aircraft's static ports located?		
32.	The carbon monoxide detector is found on the		
33.	33. LAT has a basic autopilot with HEADING hold, VERTICAL SPEED hold and ALTITUDE hold capabilities		
	It can also receive lateral navigation commands from the Dynon in NAV mode. List three ways the		
	autopilot can be disconnected		
	1		
	2		
	3		
34.	Does LAT have a carburettor temperature probe? If so, is it indicated in degC or degF to the pilot?		
	What is 0 degC in degF?		
35.	Which magneto should be switched to ON for engine start? When should the right magneto be		
	selected on?		
36.	In case of a total and complete electrical failure (including any standby batteries), which		
	instruments will continue to function as normal on the panel?		

Ope	ratio	ons:
	37.	LAT

37.	LAT may be operated DAY VFR / NIGHT VFR / IFR / Aerobatics only (circle the correct answer)		
38.	. What are LAT's maximum and minimum flight load factors (g-limits)?		
	a. Maximum positive load factor:G		
	b. Maximum negative load factor:G		
39.	Is LAT aircraft approved for aerobatics or spins?		
	spins aerobatics.		
40.	What do you do if you find a defect with the aircraft?		
41.	The fuel pump should be selected ON / OFF for takeoff and landing. (circle the correct answer)		
42.	What are the maximum CHT? What is the normal CHT operating range?		
43.	What do you do if you notice an alarm during a hire?		
44.	Who is responsible for the aircraft during a hire and what is the excess?		
45.	What considerations need to be made when operating on gravel?		
46.	The aircraft is hired and billed on time (engine start to engine stop). Maintenance release		
	time is logged as time		
47.	When taking a passenger flying in LAT (an experimental category aircraft) what items <u>MUST</u> the PIC		
	brief the passengers <u>BEFORE</u> boarding the aircraft (refer to CAR 262AP)		

<b>Knowledge Deficiency</b>	Remediation		
This section is to be used to c knowledge sharing exercise.	discuss any errors with your instructor and record the results of		
Instructor Signoff			
I have reviewed the UFC VH-LAT Questionnaire with the Club Member and any knowledge deficiencies in relation to the club procedures have been discussed and documented above.			
[			
Name of instructor:			
Instructor Signature:			

Date:



## **VH-LAT Checkout Slip**

Full name of Applicant:		
ARN of Applicant:		
Licence Type (Minimum of PPL required):		
Date completed checked out on VH-LAT:		
Hours of training completed on VH-LAT:  Total Time <150 hours = Minimum 5 hours.  Total Time >150 hours = Check ride.  Both require flight evaluation in VH-LAT.		
Instructor's Full Name:		
<u>Instructors Declaration</u> - I certify that the applicant has demonstrated proficiency in flying VH-LAT, has completed the above training hours requirements and is fit to fly as Pilot in Command.		
Instructor Signature:	Date	

**NOTE**: This form <u>must</u> be scanned and sent to <u>committee@uniflying.org.au</u> for the application to be completed.

#### **Instructor Notes:**